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Jeweler

Volume 15, No. 3.

RED DEER, ALBERTA, FEBRUARY 12, 1919.

Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

ADJOURNED MEETING OF COUNCIL

An adjourned meeting of the City Council was held on Thursday evening last to further discuss the estimates and other business.

A letter was read from Altx Board of Trade asking the co-operation of the City Council in an application by said board to the National Commission for the installation of a transfer car connecting the C.P.R. and the G.T.P. at that point.

Moved by Ald. Collison and Moyes and resolved.

Whereas the town of Altx proposes to make application to the Board of Railway Commissioners for a transfer siding between the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Canadian Pacific Railway at the intersection of the said railway at Altx,

And whereas it is in the interests and to the advantage of this municipality to have said siding,

Do it resolved that this council does hereby declare itself in favor of the said transfer siding, and the secretary-treasurer is hereby instructed to forthwith join with the town of Altx in making application to the Board of Railway Commissioners for such siding, and the secretary-treasurer is further authorized to supply all data necessary and requisite to indicate to the said commissioners the advantage and benefit of the said transfer siding.

The motion was carried.

Ald. Stone reported that there was a strong feeling among the veterans and others that a strong committee be appointed to meet returned veterans and give them a welcome. This committee, he thought, should be appointed by the council, and that other bodies such as the veterans, the Masons, and other organizations should be on the committee.

Ald. Stone and Galbraith were appointed by the Mayor to act on this committee, and to make the necessary arrangements along the lines suggested.

The Auditor's report was read and the Commissioners authorized to have the same printed.

The Curfew by-law was again amended, after some discussion, to have the bell rung at nine o'clock in winter and ten o'clock in summer.

At the request of Ald. Galbraith, the by-law was again laid over for final reading to next meeting.

ARRAIRS OF TAXES.

The Council then went into committee of the whole and discussed the problem of arrears of taxes.

It was shown that about fifty-seven thousand dollars were locked up alone in soldiers' mortgages and the Townspeople's arrears.

A strong and determined effort will be made to collect the balance of the arrears.

BUSINESS TAX.

The by-law to fix the business tax passed its several readings, and the rate fixed at 12 per cent on the assessed values. Last year it was 8 per cent.

Council adjourned at midnight.

SEATTLE STRIKE BREAKING UP BY LACK OF UNION

**MAYOR HANSON DECLARES IT A
SPLOT BETWEEN DECENT LABOR
AND I.W.W.**

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 9.—Indications tonight are that the general strike which has tied up the Puget Sound for four days will be broken soon by the gradual drifting away of individual unions.

The street car men voted to return to work today and street car service is practically normal tonight. City officials insisted that the general strike had reached a stage of demoralization and Mayor Hanson reiterated his prediction that the labor movement would fail.

Mayor Hanson stated tonight: "This strike means a split between decent organized labor and the I.W.W. element."

The waterfront employers' association decided at a conference today to open up on the "open shop" basis unless union men returned to work Monday. Meetings are being held tonight by longshoremen, millwrights and a few others, who are expected to vote whether to remain out longer than the next regular meeting of the general strike committee, which is scheduled for 9 o'clock Monday morning.

RESTAURANTS OPEN.

Many restaurants opened for business today and others posted signs to the effect that they would open soon. Inability to obtain edible and supplies is said to be the main factor in the decision by the restaurateurs and hotelkeepers. City officials declared they would operate essential industries and are advertising for men, paying their transportation here, if necessary.

City schools will open as usual Monday morning, and engine house janitors having voted to return to their duties. Theatres will open also Monday as it is held certain that theatrical employees will call off their strike tonight.

The barbers, teamsters, cooks and

BOARD OF HEALTH

At a meeting of the Board of Health Thursday evening last, with Ald. Stone, chairman, Mayor Lord, Secretary Stephenson, Ald. Moyes, Dr. H. George, and Ald. Collison present. The following motion was passed:

Moved by Dr. J. Collison, seconded by Dr. H. George, that in the opinion of this board, if it is still the opinion of the School Board, that the High School and the VIII Grade be opened on Monday, 10th, and that they open if there are no fresh developments, the Public Schools on 17th. Carried.

Resolved.

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OBITUARY.

Robert Davidson, who has been one of Red Deer's worthy citizens since coming here about ten years ago, died at 5 o'clock on Wednesday morning. He has been in poor health for a number of years but has been able to do his work as agent for the Swift Creamery. He leaves a widow and three little children. The funeral will be held from his late residence 4th St. South, this Wednesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, for Red Deer Cemetery. The funeral will be in charge of the Jacques-Orme Funeral Home.

On Monday, February 10th, William Henry Hart, father of Henry H. Hart, 5 miles west of Red Deer, passed away at the ripe old age of 88 years. The funeral service was held at 2 o'clock on Tuesday, February 11th, at the residence of Mrs. C. M. Gaez, widow of the late Mr. Thomas Gaez, and mother of J. J. Gaez, M.P.P. for Red Deer constituency, at the ripe age of 84 years.

Decceased had been in delicate health for a long time, and her death, although sudden, was not unexpected.

She came to Red Deer in October, 1885, with her son, her husband having died many years ago in Newfound, when this district was still a wilderness, and was the fifth white woman between Edmonton and Calgary.

She was married to Mr. Thomas Gaez, a pioneer settler, and they had four children, Leonard Gaez, Mrs. Dobler, Mrs. Stewart and Mrs. McEllen. She lived to see her son honored with the highest gift of the people of the district in which she had resided for so many years.

The funeral will take place today, Wednesday, at the Leonard Gaez Memorial Methodist Church at 3 o'clock, for the Red Deer Cemetery, the Rev. Mr. Armstrong will conduct the services. The funeral arrangements are in charge of the Jacques-Orme Funeral Home.

The News joins in extending sympathy to the sorrowing relatives with the numerous old friends of the family in their bereavement.

LESLIEVILLE.

Corp. E. C. Anderson, who went overseas in August, 1914, and served all through the four years of the war, is visiting at Mr. Reddy's home.

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EDWIN CARSWELL DIES IN CALGARY

**OLD TIMER OF HORN HILL AND
PIONEER ORGANIZER OF U.F.A.
PASSES TO LONG REST.**

After an illness of several months, Edwin Carswell, formerly of Red Deer, Calgary Abattoir and Cold Storage Limited, Calgary, passed to his long rest at the Holy Cross Hospital in that city on Thursday evening last, aged 60 years.

Mr. Carswell, who was born in the town of Horn Hill, Ontario, was a pioneer settler in the Calgary district, and was one of the first to settle in the area.

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RED DEER U.F.A. MEETING.

A meeting of the U.F.A. Union No. 82, was held in the City Hall on Saturday afternoon, Feb. 8th. D. McKinnon in the Chair and W. R. Ellenwood acting as secretary.

A discussion on the widening of alleys brought out considerable opposition to the plan, most of those taking part thinking it would not be feasible.

The report of L. McKinnon, delegate to the Edmonton convention, was then received, and he answered the most satisfactory manner the questions put by those present.

Considerable resentment developed on account of the siding of the resolutions at the convention, and a notice of motion on this subject was given by Mr. McKinnon.

The president spoke of the death of Mr. Carswell, formerly a valued member of our organization, and after feeling tributes had been paid to his memory, Mr. Jas. Bowers moved that the sympathy of this local union be extended to his family, with our high appreciation of his great service to the farming community, seconded by G. W. Smith and carried.

Mr. Bowers then gave a very interesting address on the U.F.A., its work and future, and the controversy regarding our banking system.

A resolution was carried urging upon the provincial government the need of improving and extending the telephone system in the Red Deer district.

The membership committee report, advising the adoption of a plan by which they considered a larger membership could be obtained.

Moved by D. Bowers, seconded by J. Anderson, that we ask Mr. Whitehouse to give us a paper on banking, with particular reference to farming communities at our meeting on Saturday, March 8th. Carried.

Mr. Bowers gave a very kind invitation to the members and prospective members of our U.F.A., to meet at his house in a social gathering the evening of February 19th, which invitation was heartily accepted.

Meeting adjourned.

STRACHAN.

The annual school meeting was held on the 22nd January, Louis Major being elected trustee.

We are glad to welcome home Louis Major, who arrived home from the front a few days ago, and who was married to Miss Mustard. Congratulations to you both, Mr. and Mrs. Major.

We are also glad to welcome Frank McLean, who is a very kind invitation to the members and prospective members of our U.F.A., to meet at his house in a social gathering the evening of February 19th, which invitation was heartily accepted.

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THE GLORY OF YPRES

By IAN HAY

Ypres—"Wipers," as the British Tommy prefers to call it—is the most characteristically British spot on the whole Western front. It has always been the most difficult and expensive sector of the line, and the glory of having preserved it from the Hun is correspondingly great.

The city itself lies, as it were, in the centre of a saucer. For nearly four years German troops have been sitting upon the rim of that saucer, stretching more than half way round, observing our movements and bringing direct artillery fire to bear. Today the German army is being rapidly hauled across the table-cloth in the direction of the hot-water jug.

The history of the first few months of the war is mostly told about the battle of the Marne. The battle of the Marne was undoubtedly the first blow that Germany received, and in many respects it was the deciding battle of the war, because without it Paris would have fallen. But the victory of the Marne would have been of no effect but for the first battle of the Marne. That is a fact which is not so readily recognized by our historians.

When the Boche was swept back from the Marne, the Allies at the end of September, 1914, he tried another plan. He swung his right and drove hard across Belgium, due west, in a tremendous thrust through Cambrai, Boulogne, and the Channel ports. That was what he ought to have done in the very first place, after the capture of Brussels. Fortunately, like a good many less distinguished persons, he could not resist the temptation of making a bee-line for Paris at the earliest opportunity. Had he aimed for the Channel ports, it is difficult to see how any one could have stopped him and impossible to tell what the result would have been. At any rate, the French coast would have become a German submarine base, and then how would the British navy ever have crossed the Straits of Dover. As things have turned out, nearly five million troops have crossed those straits in the last four years, without the loss of a single man.

Ypres was the first battle in which the British army was engaged, and it was the first battle in which the British army was engaged, and it was the first battle in which the British army was engaged.

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E. W. DeLong, M.D.C.M.
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Residence—Micheal Hill. Residence Phone 27

James A. McCright J. S.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
Honorary Graduate Ontario Veterinary College
OFFICE—Palace Library, Phone 17
RESIDENCE—Phone 279

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Old King Coal is a merry old Soul,
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When you ask him to do enough
work for two.
And do it efficiently.
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best burning fuels on the market to-
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and Stove.

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Estimates Cheerfully Given
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H. G. STONE

UNDERTAKER
AND EMBALMER
GAETZ AVE. SOUTH.

THE NEWS' WEEKLY SERMON

By the REV. G. D. ARMSTRONG.

"Now is the judgment of this world: now shall the prince of this world be cast out, and I, if I be lifted up from the earth, will draw all men unto Me."—John 12: 31, 32.

"Behold, now is the accepted time; behold, now is the day of Salvation."—2 Cor. 6: 2.

"Trust no future, however pleasant. Let the dead past bury its dead. Act, act in the living present."

"Truth within, and God overhead."—In these passages, the emphasis is laid upon the importance of the living present, and nothing is of more value to us than a sense of the value of the present time. The failure to appreciate this has led to disaster and misery, while the recognition of it has always made for success and happiness.

Men have looked for the golden age in the world's history, either in the remote past or in the far distant future, making of life either a dream or a vision. Those who have looked for greatness in the age in which they were living have by so doing made dreams and visions real.

In the days of Jesus there was an expectation that the Kingdom of Israel was to be re-established and the whole nation was in a ferment of industrial, social, political and religious change. At the same time there was an utter failure to appreciate the significance of events which were actually taking place. "The light shone in the darkness and the darkness comprehended it not."

So also in the teaching of Paul there is an attempt to lead a people who gloried in the past attitude of Jehovah to them, to realize that the same gracious care and willingness to redeem was extended to themselves.

In like manner we have thought of God as revealing Himself to the Jewish people nineteen hundred years ago, and we have looked forward to a coming manifestation of the same God in the final establishment of His Kingdom. We have not always clearly perceived that throughout all ages His eternal purpose was to reveal Himself.

The prophetic message is designed to awaken our minds to the real meaning of events which are taking place at the present time.

Very many are inclined to think that former days were better than these, and that we must look for the gospel message of the preaching of a former age. The present unrest is considered by many to indicate the failure of the Church to meet the needs of the present age. The criticism has been very freely made that the emphasis laid upon the teaching of ethics in present day preaching is unequalled for an unworthy attempt to substitute an inferior message for the preaching of the Gospel of Christ. Those who criticize in this way would do well to remember that the "good news" which Jesus taught was preceded by a course of national suffering and social and religious unrest. They forget that the preaching of John the Baptist and of Jesus Himself was distinctly ethical.

The dissatisfaction which had been caused by the teaching of the people prepared them to seek after and to welcome the "good news" which these messengers of God brought to them.

The vision of God is twofold. It is a vision of things as they are, and also a vision of things as they ought to be, or as it used to be stated—of what we are by nature and what we may be by grace. This twofold vision of life awakens within us a sense of sin.

Oh God for the man to arise in me! That the man I am may cease to be! That the man I am may cease to be! That the man I am may cease to be!

The evangelism of the past generation laid emphasis upon sin as it was found in the life of individuals. The teaching of the present age insists and insists rightly that religion saves not only individual souls but saves society as well. That man cannot be saved apart from his relationship to others is a truth the importance of which we cannot over-estimate. Jesus came teaching the glad news that not only are individual souls to be saved, but that the world is to be made of all nations and that the world through Him shall be saved.

The world today is passing through a crisis, every land there is the surging of unrest, the awakening of a sense of need. The conflict through which we have been passing has been rightly perceived as a struggle of contending ideals. Great principles have been at stake, the meaning of Calvary has been understood as the spirit of sacrifice and service, so characteristic of the spirit of Jesus has been expressed in the lives of millions who hardly knew the greatness of their deeds.

It is the business of the disciples of Christ to interpret to all men the meaning of history as it is being enacted today.

In the crisis through which the nations are passing, the voice of laboring, the impatient demand of returning soldiers, the cries of the distressed and the clamor of appeal of the Church is that justice and righteousness may be established in the earth. There is not simply a struggle, but a world-hunger for righteousness. We are beginning to feel the greatness of the crisis, the eternal issues which are being decided.

"We are living, we are dwelling in a grand and awful time; in an age on ages telling To be living is sublime."

The gospel message is that, "all things are working together for good," that humanity has power to realize the civilization for which the world is struggling, the League of Nations will be established with power.

The sovereignty of God is being established not in the high and lofty

places of the universe alone, but in the dwelling places of mankind. The sovereignty of God is swaying the destinies of the earth. The voice of the people is recognized as the voice of God. The Kingdom of God is being identified with the Democracy of men.

In interpreting the social and religious movements of His age, Jesus Himself became the embodiment of the message which He brought. He demonstrated in Himself the power of the divine ideals to sway the life of man. Free from the ignorance, interests, of religious bigotry, of national prejudices and of racial antagonisms. He was the world's first citizen. Knowing thus that all power had been given unto Him, His face was turned steadfastly toward the dawning of the New Day.

He hath sounded forth the trumpet that shall never call retreat. He is sitting on the throne of men before His judgment seat.

O be swift my soul to answer Him; O be jubilant my feet! Our God is marching on."

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ACUTE NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

All Treatments Proved Useless Until He Tried "FRUIT-A-LIVES".

MR. JAS. S. DELGATY.

R.R. No. 4, Gilbert Plains, Man.
"In the year 1910, I had Nervous Prostration in its worst form; was reduced in weight from 170 pounds to 115 pounds.

The doctors had no hope of my recovery, and every medicine I tried proved useless until a friend induced me to take "Fruit-a-lives".

I began to mend almost at once; and after using this fruit medicine for 8 or 4 months, I was back to my normal state of health.

I never had such good health for twenty years as I have enjoyed the past six years. We are never without a box of "Fruit-a-lives" in the house."

JAS. S. DELGATY.
Box a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.

All at dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

indicates the strength of this feeling. Le Matin hailed Mr. Hughes' declaration as the voice of a practical man of affairs in contradistinction to the views of the idealists.

While there is sympathy for these views, and, in particular, an intelligent understanding of why they are strongly held in France, it is apparent that the judgment of the majority of members of the conference is that there must be a serious attempt to initiate a new international order by the formation of a league of nations, with real, though, perhaps, at the outset, rudimentary powers; and that the nations will have to agree to such modification in their national programmes as will give this ideal a chance to take root and develop.

The special committee now sitting, comprising ten members from the great powers and five from the secondary powers, are expected to be in agreement, and such progress is being made as may result in the conclusions being made public in a few days.

BORDEN IN SYMPATHY.
Warm Canadian sympathy with the proposed league of nations is voiced by Sir Robert Borden, in an interview in L'Excelsior, as the only chance for the maintenance of peace. The British em- peror, said Sir Robert, which is an association of free peoples, presents an analogy with the projected league.

HANSARD REPORT OF LEGISLATURE
GEORGE HODLEY INTERROGATES PREMIER AT WARWART ON THE MATTER

Edmonton, Feb. 6.—Requesting the government to give its consideration to the establishment of a Hansard shorthand report of the proceedings in the legislature at once, George Hodley, leader of the opposition in the legislature yesterday inquired Premier Stewart as to his intentions on the subject. Mr. Stewart said they could not give an answer to such a question, but would give his reply today.

While Mr. Hodley made no reference to the fact, the Chief of War Veterans are asking for the establishment of this system of putting all members of the house on record, various branches of the organization having passed resolutions to this effect.

Mr. Hodley broached the subject immediately after the house was called to order and prior to the moving and seconding of the motion for the adjournment of the house. He rose to a question of privilege, and said he desired to bring up a subject which was of great importance to the business of the house and to every individual in the province, namely, the establishment of a Hansard report of house proceedings.

"I am sure," he said, "that the members of the government side of the house will make use of this language or expressions which they would not care to have go on record, because I am willing to go on record, and I am willing to go on record, and I am willing to go on record."

Mr. Hodley referred to the fact that this subject was no new one, having been taken up many times before, and asked the members of the house to give their answer from the premier on the subject.

Replying, Mr. Stewart said: "I was scarcely possible to come to a conclusion on such a subject, but that he would be prepared to give a definite answer tomorrow."

"I do not know of any other legislation, except, perhaps, that of Quebec, that maintains a Hansard," he said. "It is quite expensive, and, on the spur of the moment, I do not know whether the necessary man could be obtained just now."

CANADIAN CROP YIELD, 1918

Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1919.—The Dominion Bureau of Statistics issued today the definite estimate of the yield, quality and value of the principal field crops of Canada for the season of 1918, as compared with 1917. For the year 1918, the agricultural statistics of Canada for all the provinces have been collected in cooperation with the Provincial Governments, and the reports of both the Dominion and Provincial Governments on the yield of crops in 1918 will therefore record identical results. The figures now issued are subject to slight revision upon completion of final adjustments with the Provincial Governments.

YIELD OF FIELD CROPS

The total yield of wheat for Canada in 1918 is returned as 189,361,350 bushels, 17,353,992 acres, an average yield per acre of 11.11 bushels. In 1917, the corresponding figures were 238,742,859 bushels from 14,755,859 acres, a yield per acre of 16.19 bushels. The yield of oats in 1918 was 380,273,000 bushels from 14,790,336 acres, an average of 25.74 bushels per acre, as compared with 403,009,800 bushels from 13,315,400 acres in 1917, an average of 30.3 bushels per acre. Of the remaining grain crops, the total yield in 1918, with the figures for 1917 in brackets, were in bushels as follows: Barley 77,290,240 (55,057,760), rye 8,496,700 (3,857,200), peas 2,116,100 (3,925,540), beans 5,568,350 (1,274,000), buckwheat 11,428,500 (7,149,000), flax 5,972,200 (5,934,900), mixed grains 35,730,300 (16,157,000), corn for hatching 14,214,200 (7,762,700), potatoes 104,512,700 (78,892,000), turnips, etc. 130,989,000 (32,461,000), hay and clover 14,681,400 tons (13,684,700), fodder corn 4,776,000 tons (2,699,270), sugar beets 180,000 tons (117,000), alfalfa 464,400 tons (262,400). The average yields per acre of these crops with last year's averages in brackets were in bushels as follows: Barley 24 (23), rye 15 (14), peas 15 (28), beans 42 (18), buckwheat 20 (15), flax 5 (4), mixed grains 33 (32), corn for hatching 56 (33), potatoes 14 (12), turnips, etc. 14 (14), hay and clover 1.40 ton (1.86), fodder corn 9 (7.34), sugar beets 10 (8.40), alfalfa 2 (2.39).

WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY AND FLAX IN PRAIRIE PROVINCES
The total yields in the three prairie provinces in 1918 were: Wheat 164,436,100 bushels as compared with 191,953,100 bushels in 1917, oats 222,949,500 bushels as against 254,877,000 bushels, barley 2,607,400 bushels as against 4,034,100 bushels, and flax 5,776,000 bushels as against 5,835,000 bushels.

VALUES OF FIELD CROPS
The average values per bushel of grain crops for Canada in 1918, according to the prices returned crop correspondents of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, were as follows: Fall wheat \$2.08 as compared with the same price in 1917; spring wheat \$2.08 as compared with \$1.93 in 1917; all wheat \$2 as compared with \$1.94 in 1917; oats 77 cents as against 69 cents; barley \$1.01 against \$1.00; rye \$1.50 against \$1.02; peas \$2.54 against \$3.54; beans \$5.12 against \$7.46; buckwheat \$1.53 against \$1.46; flax \$8.45 against \$5.12; mixed grains \$1.14 against \$1.16; and corn for hatching \$1.77 against \$1.61. Of notable the price per bushel in 1918 was 85 cents against \$1 in 1917, turnips, etc., were 42 cents against 40 cents, hay and clover \$17 per ton against \$10.23, fodder corn \$6.14 per ton against \$5.14, sugar beets \$19.25 per ton against \$6.75, and alfalfa \$17.84 per ton against \$11.55. The total farm values for 1918 of the principal field crops estimated as follows with the corresponding estimates of 1917 given in brackets: wheat \$382,165,700 (\$453,035,000); oats \$289,499,100 (\$277,055,300); barley \$2,607,400 (\$4,034,100); flax \$59,654,400; rye \$12,714,400 (\$2,607,200); peas \$7,907,900 (\$10,724,100); beans \$19,332,500 (\$9,493,400); buckwheat \$18,099,000 (\$10,445,400); flax \$18,641,000 (\$15,737,000); mixed grain \$40,796,100 (\$18,801,750). The aggregate value of all field crops in 1918 was \$1,044,636,450, as compared with \$1,114,636,450, the figures for 1918 being the highest on record, as were also those of 1917 up to that date.

NEW "RUBY" WHEAT HAS BEEN DEVELOPED.
A new wheat named Ruby is reported to have been developed at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. It is a selection from the progeny of a cross between Downy Riga and a Red Fife. Ruby wheat ripens as a rule, a week or so earlier than Marquis. The kernels are somewhat similar to those of Red Fife, being hard and of the popular reddish brown color. The heads are beardless. The straw in most localities is rather shorter than Marquis and of good strength. In yield it produces slightly less per acre than Marquis.

Experiments carried on at the Central and other Experimental Farms have shown that the soil and climate of British Columbia, the southwest part of Ontario, the valley of the St. Lawrence, and the Maritime Provinces are suitable for the production of such wheat. These statements appear in the report of the Experimental Farms for the year ending March 31, 1918, which is but one of the large Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

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work throughout the province. These might take the form of memorial buildings. He criticized the pool



BEAUTIFUL Bedroom Suites

We unloaded a car last week of Bedroom and Dining Room Suites that we think for style and beauty excel anything we have had before

"OLD IVORY" ENAMEL BEDROOM SUITE

Dresser has two large and two small drawers, large plate mirror 24x30 inches; size of case is 42x21. Price **\$45.00**

Dressing Table, has the three mirrors and is a nice size. Price **\$33.00**

Bed to match is a beautiful design. Price **\$35.00**

Come in and see this beautiful Suite

WALNUT DINING ROOM SUITE

"Queen Anne" Buffet, has two small and one large drawer and cupboards, size of case 52x23 inches; full size plate mirror. Price **\$65.00**

China Cabinet, is 42 inches wide. Price **\$50.00**

Extension Table has five legs and extends to six feet. Price **\$48.00**

Chairs five small and one large with slip seats in leather. Price **\$65.00**

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Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1919
GENERAL SAM STEELE.

There is hardly a hamlet in the whole western country, says the Verdon, B.C. News, where some old timers may not be found to whom the name that Sam Steele has passed away will occasion genuine regret. General Steele's name will go down to history as one of the sturdy pioneers of the country as well as one who takes a foremost place in the ranks of Canadian soldiers. The impress of his strong personality was indelibly stamped upon the life of the country during the early stages of western development, and upon his broad and capable shoulders rested a burden in those days of establishing and maintaining law and order over mountain and prairie sections where he served with distinction as an inspector in that wonderfully efficient organization the Royal North West Mounted Police. From the Arctic circle to the international boundary, Sam Steele's name was one of conjuncture with, and during his long career it was never tainted with the slightest suspicion of unjust, dishonest or indiscreet conduct. This record is one of which the country may well be proud, and his memory will be cherished in high regard by a host of his friends and warm admirers.

The reputation which General Sam Steele had gained in Canada reached to the furthest limits of the Empire when he was given command of Strathcona's Horse during the Boer war. Added laurels were thrown on it by his fine administrative work for the Canadian overseas forces during the recent great struggle, and it is gratifying to know that he lived long enough to see the signal triumph of the cause of right and justice to the furtherance of which his whole life had been unspendingly devoted.

Fearless almost to a fault; firm but courteous; tactful but scornful of unjust and dishonouring compromise, the character of this gallant soldier and genuine patriot stands forth as a mark which any youth may well hold before him as an inspiration and impetus to faithful service and devotion to duty. The writer of these lines knew him first during the Boer Rebellion of 1898, when he had the honor to serve in the same command with him under General Strange, and it is with the most sincere and profound respect that the News pays its slight and inadequate tribute to the memory of one whom Canada should ever regard as a hero and a distinguished soldier and a gallant gentleman.

THE MYSTERIOUS EMPIRE.

The Paris correspondent of an American paper says that "nothing connected with the Peace Congress has struck the French imagination more than the manner in which the British Empire has entered in the great council of the world." For the first time the British Empire stands revealed as "a league of nations" to itself. Exactly what the term British Empire means has always been a mystery to most Frenchmen, says the correspondent. "I have known many educated men who were fully convinced that Canada, Australia and India, for instance, were compelled to pay heavy annual tribute to England, and refused to believe that it was quite otherwise. The presence here of virtually separate and independent delegations from India, Australia, Canada and other colonies each a daughter in her mother's house, but mistress in her own, dispelled many French illusions and has thrown a suggestive light upon the way in which the British trans-

late the word democracy." The British Empire, remarks the Toronto Globe, has been a mystery to more than Frenchmen. The Germans thought they understood it before the war. The French, on the other hand, that most stupid of intelligences, believed that the first strain of war would smother the ties binding the Dominion and the India to Great Britain. Had not their apies a very portion of the empire so reported, and their professors at home so written? But even in friendly countries the relations between the British Dominion and the Mother Country had not been comprehended, except by a few. It was explained that the unity of the Empire rested upon sentiment, and not force, the mystery would only be deepened for many. They could grasp the meaning of physical power, but the other idea is imponderable, and it eludes them.

LET THE BALL ROLL.

How many successful business men of this city will undertake to find positions for several returned men? If every successful man would take it upon himself to personally place even one or two other men, it would give a boost to the employment situation. But if one hundred business men each undertook to place ten men, things would move along in good shape. Big brotherhood upon a new scale has been commenced in Boston as a solution to the employment problem. The idea originated with the District manager of one of the Ten Electric companies, Chas. B. Davis, who announced that he would personally assist the work of the Boston Service Club's Employment Bureau by finding positions, picked positions suitable to their ability, for ten men, provided he could link up the services of one hundred other successful business men to undertake the same number of placements.

It is the Andrew idea, says one business man in describing the scheme. "You will remember that Andrew was the disciple, who, not content with getting the good news himself, went out and gathered in those men."

Well, the successful business man in this story does not rest until he has got out and helped ten other fellows on the road to success. The bargain does not place them under an obligation to fit the ten men into the straight away, but it means that each one of the ten will be taken individually and handled exclusively until he is satisfactorily placed.

Who will start the ball rolling? Wanted—Live business men who will undertake to personally place three or more returned soldiers. Let the ball begin to roll.

ASK DISMISSAL OF OFFICERS WHO SAW NO SERVICE.

Sydney, Feb. 7.—The instant dismissal of all officers at present actively employed in military districts (Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island), who have not been overseas since immediate deportation from the country of all men alien enemies employed in the city and the filling of their places with returned soldiers.

Similar resolutions were passed by the G.W.V.A. at Glace Bay, Cape Breton swarms with aliens of all many nationalities and the vigorous action of the veterans' association almost consternation among those.

HANSARD REPORT IS REFUSED BY PREMIER STEWART

GOVERNMENT LEADER SAYS IT IS NOT DONE IN OTHER PROVINCES

Edmonton, Feb. 7.—As forecast yesterday, the Alberta government refused to introduce the system of Hansard shorthand reports of the legislative proceedings. Premier Stewart stating that he did not believe that there was any necessity for the keeping of such a record. "I sent telegrams yesterday," said the premier, "to all the provincial governments, asking whether such reports were taken in the respective legislatures. Up to this time we have received replies from Saskatchewan, Ontario, British Columbia, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. None of them keep a Hansard, Nova Scotia formerly kept one, but dispensed with it. I don't know where we could get the staff just now, if I tried to institute one, and I don't believe the necessity exists."

Opposition leader Headley said that it seemed unnecessary to him. The basis of the premier's objection was that the system was not used in other provinces, and he did not think that the objection was well founded. The point was that he feared the majority of people should have what they want and he was certain a majority of the people in the province earnestly desired it.

WOULD SHORTEN SPEECHES
The objection had been raised by some that it would have a tendency to cause the members to make their speeches too long. He did not believe it would have this effect at all, but otherwise.

"I believe Hansard would cut the speeches down one-third," he declared, "that is, if it is done like some, where the member has the privilege of going over the report afterwards and revising it, but an accurate record of the speaker's words."

Capt. Robert Pearson also championed the Hansard idea. He asserted that the Great War Veterans had unanimously passed a resolution demanding it, because the soldiers wanted to know what the proceedings were. Complaints had been made that when the Hansard was introduced the responsibility for certain statements in the house were made down the soldiers were told that the newspapers had given the wrong version of the proceedings and they wished some record kept about which they could be no dispute.

In reply to this the premier stated that if there were any returned soldiers in the province capable of taking such a report he would like to have them on the staff, and whether they were in the province now, ten days from now, or a month hence.

BRITISH TONNAGE LOSS 9,000,000 TONS

SEVENTEEN TIMES THAT OF UNITED STATES, TEN TIMES THAT OF FRANCE OR ITALY.

London, Feb. 6.—In urging that immediate steps be taken to rebuild the British merchant marine, Archibald S. Hurd, the naval writer, in an article in the Daily Telegraph, said that although the United Kingdom was not invaded, Great Britain had paid for victory in the loss of more than 9,000,000 tons of shipping, ten times as much as that lost by either France or Italy.

The British losses were 17 times as much as the United States. Little has been said of the injuries inflicted on this country in the war," Mr. Hurd says. "There is an impression in Allied and neutral countries that we paid a relatively small price for victory. It is true that we were not invaded, but that was due, not to good fortune, for the sea is the easiest and quickest medium for an invader, but to good policy. It is also true that we were not starved, but that was the result of judgment and organization. It is very necessary that due importance should be attached to the injury inflicted upon us as a people who follow the sea, and that the Government should recognize the damage sustained by the Allies on the land and to ignore the results of the enemy action at sea."

"It is certain that if had not been for the British merchant navy, France and Italy would have been driven out of the war, and the American people would have been able to intervene. When the war came, the vast volume of British merchant ships was placed at the service of the allies and became the target of the enemy's naval forces. The result was that approximately half the tonnage under the British flag was destroyed."

FIGURES SHOW LOSSES.
The following figures show the total losses in gross tonnage of merchant steamers sustained by this and other countries during the war:

The United Kingdom and dominions, 9,565,668.
The United States, 561,308.
Belgium, 374,302.
Denmark, 229,941.
Brazil, 21,279.
France, 897,677.
Greece, 141,675.
Italy, 865,265.
Japan, 36,771.
Norway, 1,171,760.
Sweden, 264,000.

The British tonnage sunk, therefore, was more than ten times as much as that lost by either France or Italy, and 17 times as much as that lost by America.

TO BUILD UP AGAIN.
We depend on shipping for almost

all that we require. Virtually all of our remaining ships need to be overhauled, which means that they are handicapped in trading and it is doubtful if some are worth the expense of restoration. In effect, we have to build the whole of our merchant marine as soon as we can. That is one item in the war bill due to us as a maritime nation and our case is separate from that of other countries which are not islands and are not pivotal points of maritime empire. Moreover, the above figures do not exhibit the value of the cargo sunk, the number of lives lost, or the inestimable injury caused by our withdrawal of ships from distant trade routes in order that we might help our allies and transport over the Atlantic a majority of the American troops which turned the scale on the western front.

SOUP KITCHENS IN SEATTLE FEEDING ARMY OF STRIKERS

COMPLETE COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL PARALYSIS PREVAILS IN BIG CITY.

Seattle, Feb. 7.—With complete industrial and commercial paralysis, threatened by the general strike of craftsmen in support of wage demands by shipyard metal workers, Seattle municipal officials and business men cast about for some means of relieving the situation. Nearly one thousand troops from Camp Lewis are the city on orders of the war department and ready to act in the event of disorders.

A summary of the situation that faced Seattle today, the second day of the general strike, showed that newspapers have suspended publication, theatres and schools have closed, street cars have stopped running, restaurants have shut down and shipping is being diverted to Oregon points because there is no one to load or unload the cargoes. Soup kitchens have been established by culinary workers for the benefit of the strikers, who are given special rates. Non-unionists pay higher for the same "military mess" service.

SYNAPTIC STRIKE.
At Tacoma, where a similar sympathetic strike is in progress, the situation is reported to have given indications of improvement.

Only a few trades unions participated in the general walk-out. The carmen, street car drivers, and bus drivers, who were asked to work today, as it was said their strike orders were issued through a misunderstanding. The barbers also were to resume their work. Other Tacoma crafts on strike were the timber workers and the retail clerks. Approximately 500 troops are on duty in Tacoma, guarding power plants and shipyards, and other units are held in readiness for emergency at the armory.

Seattle it is estimated that 30,000 men and women left their employment yesterday to aid the 25,000 striking shipyard workers. During the night Seattle hotels were crowded with engineers, machinists or laundry service. Before the strike the hotels laid in large supplies of candles and food, as they feared a possible discontinuance of electric power and shortage of supplies. The electricians, however, remained at their posts in the power houses. Municipal police car service will be resumed. Mayor Ole Hanson announced, just as soon as the police and troops can accompany the cars.

Edmonton, Feb. 7, 1919.
In accordance with the increased cost of all public utilities throughout Canada, and especially in telephone systems, in view of the added cost of maintenance and operation for each telephone unit proportionately with increased telephone development, the following rate schedule will be in force throughout Alberta Government Telephones effective April 1, 1919.

EXCHANGE MONTHLY RATE SCHEDULE.

Exchange Classification	Business	Residence
(a) DAY SERVICE	Wall Desk	Wall Desk
(b) SEMI-CONTINUOUS SERVICE	2.25 2.50	1.50 1.75
(c) CONTINUOUS SERVICE	2.75 3.00	1.75 2.00
(d) CONTINUOUS SERVICE	3.00 3.25	2.00 2.25
(e) Exchanges between 150 and 500 stations	3.75 3.50	2.00 2.25
(f) CONTINUOUS SERVICE	3.25 4.00	2.25 2.75
(g) Exchanges between 500 and 1,000 stations	4.00 4.25	2.50 2.75
(h) CONTINUOUS SERVICE	4.50 4.75	2.50 2.75
(i) Exchanges between 1,000 and 5,000 stations	5.00 5.25	2.50 2.75

EXTENSION SETS AND EXTENSION BELLS.
Business Desk, \$1.25 per month—Residence Desk, 75c per month.
Extension Bells, 25c per month.
Long ringing Extension Bells, 50c per month.

INSTALLATION CHARGES—
A service connection charge covering a portion of the average cost of the initial expense of establishing service for new subscribers and of furnishing additional facilities to old subscribers shall be as follows:

(a) For individual or party line service, or extension set \$3.50
(b) For each extension bell 2.00
(c) To cover directory, accounting, circuit and switchboard expenses in cases where service is established by the use of instruments already in place in the subscriber's premises and no change is made in the type or location of such instruments 1.50
(d) To reconnect service when discontinued for non-payment of account 1.00
(e) When it is necessary to erect poles or anchors in order to carry the wires from the main telephone line on the road allowance or street to the applicant's premises, such poles and anchors in connection therewith will be supplied and erected by the Department at the expense of the applicant, or if arranged for in advance in writing, the applicant may furnish and erect such poles and anchors in accordance with the specifications and regulations of the Department.

MOVES—
(a) Charges for an outside move shall be the same as the installation charges.
(b) The charges for an inside move shall be \$1.00.

EXCESS MILEAGE—
The excess mileage rate for exchange service shall be 50c per month for each quarter mile or fraction thereof.

Rural Telephone Rates will be announced at a later date.

N. L. HARVEY,
Acting Deputy Minister of Railways and Telephones.

BELGIAN RELIEF FUND

Statement of receipts and expenditures for Red Deer district from 31st January, 1917, to 22nd January, 1919:

Receipts.
Balance on hand, Jan. 31, 1917 \$47.43
Subscriptions, 1st February, 1917, to 22nd Jan. 1919 \$21.76
Transferred to Southern Alberta Committee, Calgary \$66.69

Expenditures.
Transferred to Central Committee, Montreal \$126.49
Transferred to Southern Alberta Committee, Calgary \$200.60

F. C. WHITEHOUSE,
Hon. Secretary-Treas.

Audited and certified a correct statement of receipts and expenditures from 31st January, 1917 to 22nd January, 1919.

J. E. WELTON,
Hon. Auditor.

Recapitulation of total receipts and expenditures from 4th November, 1914, to 22nd January, 1919.

Receipts.
Total subscriptions received as acknowledged in local press \$3,005.44

Expenditures.
Cost of car of wheat shipped to Belgium \$1,139.10
Remittances to Central Committee, Montreal \$225.49
Remittances to Southern Alberta Committee, Calgary \$200.60
Out-of-pocket Legal Costs re. Sylvan Lake lost disposed of for benefit of fund \$13.69
Administration Costs (.37%)
Postage, printing, stationery, and telephone \$15.56

\$3,005.44

F. C. WHITEHOUSE,
Hon. Secretary-Treas.

Audited and certified a correct statement of receipts and expenditures from 4th November, 1914, to 22nd January, 1919.

J. E. WELTON,
Hon. Auditor.

In publishing the above statements for the period since the last audit, and for the entire period since the inauguration of the fund in November, 1914, the Local Committee would like to reiterate its sincere appreciation to all those who have contributed to the good cause.

The thanks of the Committee are also publicly expressed to the local newspapers for having published notices and statements at all times to the great benefit of the fund; to Mr. Welton, who has given his valuable services as honorary auditor; and to Miss D. Chambers, who for over four years has acted as honorary stenographer.

Due to the circumstances outlined above, administration costs have been held down to the initial outlay for stationery, printing, and postage; and the very low figure of .37% has been achieved.

W. E. PAYNE
H. WALLACE
F. C. WHITEHOUSE
Hon. Sec.-Treas.

GREEK WAR LOSS AGGREGATES \$200,000,000.

Athens, Feb. 10.—The losses of Greece during the war aggregated \$200,000,000. The Greek foreign ministry has computed. Information to this effect has been sent by it to Premier Venizelos, now attending the Paris peace conference as a delegate.

Buy W-S Where You See This Sign

WHEN AFFIXED TO A WASHINGTON SAVINGS CERTIFICATE AND SUBMITTED TO THE NATIONAL SAVINGS INSTITUTION WILL BE PAYABLE FOR FIVE DOLLARS

Read the Figures

Notice how the cost—and the cash value—of the stamp advances each month until, on the 1st day of January, 1924, the Dominion of Canada is pledged to pay \$5.00 for each W-S.

ACTUAL SIZE OF W-S

LESLIEVILLE LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLES

Leslieville Livery, Feed and Sale Stables open under new management. Passengers driven to any part of the Country. I respectfully solicit your patronage.

A. J. FRENCH,
Leslieville, Alberta.

Living-Room Furniture

IS YOUR LIVING ROOM FURNISHED AS YOU WOULD LIKE TO HAVE IT?

This week we are showing some exceptionally nice pieces of livingroom furniture, which any woman would be proud to own.

We have Comfortable Easy Chairs and Rockers, upholstered in nice Tapestries and Leather, from only \$15.00 up to \$50.00.

Comfortable Couches and Davenport from \$25.00 up to \$100.00.

Library and Livingroom Tables from \$10 up to \$30

Come in and see them at

THE BEST FURNITURE CO. LTD.

"EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME"

51 FIRST ST. SOUTH - RED DEER, ALTA.

Look at These

\$6.50 Bedroom Sets 5.00

3 Bedroom Sets, 10 pieces, Regular \$6.50 for \$5.00

8.00 Bedroom Sets 6.50

4 Bedroom Sets, A I quality, 10 pieces, Reg. \$8.00 for only \$6.50

Jap Table Cloths at 1.50

3 doz. Jap Table Cloths, 54x54, Reg. \$1.85 for \$1.50

1.65 Table Cloths 1.25

4 doz. Table Cloths, 42x42, Reg. \$1.65 for \$1.25

These table cloths wash easy and have given first-class satisfaction.

Soup Bowls 15c each

Soup Bowls, blue decoration; only 5 dozen to sell at each 15c

These are cheaper than the plain white soup plates—get a few, they are very useful.

Another lot of Buttons at 15c

We have secured another lot of BUTTONS selling at per card 15c

They are worth double that price.

Did You Get That Mystic Mitt?

Did you get that "MYSTIC MITT" for kitchen use? If not, get busy and buy one—save soap—they are only 25c. each. Order by mail.

J. C. Brazier



License No. 8-7160



160 BOOTS AND SHOES, Trunks, CLOTHING and Furnishings
161 DRY GOODS, Smallwares, Fancy Goods and Novelties
162 READY-TO-WEAR, Corsets MILLINERY, Furs.
163 HAREWARE, Auto Supplies,
164 TINSHOP, Heating, Plumbing,
165 GROCERIES, Flour and Feed,
166 OFFICE, General Enquiry,
167 W. E. LORD,—Office.

Eiderdown Kimona Cloth

Regular \$2.00, Remnant Sale Price \$1.65

This is a very fine cloth suitable for Kimonas and Dressing Gowns, in shades of Saxe and White, 54 inches wide. \$1.65

Pair of Wool and a Pair of Canvas Pull-over Mitts 32c

You will find these handy for carrying wood, and for many odd chores about the house or farm; only a few pairs left.

Remnant Sale Price 32c

Men's Wool Mitts

SPECIAL 37½c. PER PAIR

A good wool mitt to wear under a leather pull-over, in Black or Grey; per pair 37½c

Velvet Corduroy

Regular \$1.00 for 79c per yard

In medium cords, rich lustrous finish, suitable for coats, dresses, skirts and for children's wear; in shades of Brown, Navy, Saxe, Taupe, Fawn, Green and Black. Regular \$1.00 per yard for.... 79c.

Special in Horrockses' Sheeting at \$1.15

Here is a real bargain in this well-known make of Sheeting, made from fine strong yarns, in pure white bleach and entirely free from dressing; 2 yards wide, per yard. Remnant Sale Price \$1.15

Boys' Wool Stockings

Regular 65c at 48c

Boys' Heavy All-Wool Worsted Stockings, 2 and 1 rib, extra good length, all sizes.

Remnant Sale Price 48c

Boys' and Girls' Hose

In medium weight 2 and 1 rib knitted, from good strong yarns, in cotton and wool mixture, full fashioned, in size 9 only, regular 45c, Sale Price 35c

POLISH MOPS



Collect the germ laden dust, preventing disease germ from being scattered all over the house; also putting a lustrous on the floors and linoleums, making everything look spic and span.

Sprutex Mops \$1.00
New Cedar Mops \$1.85

Black Dazzle Enamel

Is it not worth the price of a 20c or 30c tin of Black Dazzle to have your stove pipes, hot and cold air registers, shining like a Nigger's Heel?

Price per tin 20c and 30c

Sherwin-Williams

Floor Paints & Varnishes

ACCOMPLISHES THREE IMPORTANT THINGS

- 1 Preventing coar of the floors, and paint is cheaper than lumber; therefore use lost of paint.
- 2 Saves the lives of women, making housework much easier.
- 3 Brightens up the home, making it a more cheerful and healthy place to live in.

Sherwin Williams Floof Paints; made in 11 shades; per quart \$1.25

Sherwin Williams' Marnot Varnish is an ideal varnish for floors or other work where a tough elastic hard-wearing varnish is desired; it dries dust-free in eight hours and can be walked on the following day. Per quart \$1.50

Hardware Dept.



Aluminum Ware SPECIAL PRICES

We still have special prices on Aluminum Ware—Lipped Sauce Pans, Covered Sauce Pans, Preserving Kettles, Tea Kettles, Pudding Dishes—at a discount of 20%.

WASHING MACHINES



For long life, thorough cleaning and easy running you will find these washers have no equal.

LOOK THEM OVER

WRINGERS

We can supply you with any style of wringer. Prices run from \$4.50 and up.

D & A "Goddess Corsets"

Values to \$4.00 Clearing at \$1.75

They are exceptional values in these two famous makes of corsets, in broken lines representing all sizes from 18 to 30, but not in each style. Regular to \$4.00 Clearing at \$1.75

Ladies' Cashmere Hose

Special at 75c

Fine quality all-wool Cashmere Hose, reinforced heels and toes; this is an exceptionally good value; sizes 8, 8½, 9, 9½ only. Special at 75c

A Real Bargain in Boys' Overcoats

4 only Boys' Tweed Overcoats, sizes 32, 33 and 34 only; good weight; a nice classy overcoat; good patte.ns; values to \$8.00.

Special at \$4.95

Men's Frieze Overcoats

Specially Priced at \$14.95

6 only Men's Frieze Overcoats, shawl or notch collar, medium brown shade; well trimmed; a nice dressy coat, warm and comfortable. Regular \$18.00 and \$20.00 Special at \$14.95

Wool Eiderdown Kimona Cloth

Regular \$3.35 for \$2.65

Lovely fleecy wool Eiderdown cloth, suitable for dressing gowns, kimonas, etc., in shades of Pale Blue or Grey; 54 inches wide. Remnant Sale Price \$2.65

Men's Black Cashmere Hose

Remnant Sale 39c pair

Fine Black Wool Cashmere Hose, seamless toe and heels; sizes 10, 10½, 11. Sale, per pair 39c

Men's Sweater Coats

Remnant Sale \$1.95

Men's Good Heavy Sweater Coats in plain and fancy knitted, have shawl collar, colors Grey and Fawn; sizes 38, 40, 42.

Remnant Sale Price \$1.95

Men's Fine Dress Shirts

Regular \$1.75, Remnant Sale \$1.39

"Arrow" and "W.G.R." make in assorted fancy stripes, have double French cuffs, coat style; in all sizes 14 to 17. Remnant Sale Price \$1.39

Men's Fine Shirts

Remnant Sale Price 79c

These shirts are made from nice quality shirting in neat stripe designs, have separate lounge collars and double French cuffs; sizes 14, 14½, 15 and 15½ only. Remnant Sale Price 79c

Men's Striped Overalls

Remnant Sale Price \$1.65 pair

Here is a bargain in Overalls, made from striped cloth, made on good roomy patterns with elastic suspenders, have two large top pockets, two hip pockets and combination watch and pencil pocket; sizes are mostly 40, 42 and 44. Remnant Sale \$1.65

Grocery Dept.

98s Purity and Robin Hood \$5.50
49s Graham \$2.90
24s Barley Flour \$1.46
24s Rye Flour \$1.46
10s Rye Flour75
98s Oat Flour \$6.00
10s Oat Flour60
10s Standard Oatmeal70
10s Fine or Coarse80
Sugar \$2.35
Shorts \$2.15
Orange Peko Tea60
Orange Peko Tea, 3 lb for \$1.70
Blue Ribbon Tea, per lb60
Ceylon Tea, 5 lb boxes \$3.00
Our best bulk Coffee, per lb50
Or 3 lbs for \$1.45

SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK

1 gallon Climax Sweet Pickles \$1.85
1 gallon Climax Sour Pickles \$1.75
1 gallon Climax Sour Chow \$1.70
1 gallon Climax Sweet Chow Pickles \$1.80

The Perfect Front
The Perfect Back
The Perfect Corset



Inimitable Style
Assured Health
All-Day Comfort

GOSSARD CORSETS

The Original Front-Lacing Corsets

are and always will be indispensable.

New world conditions, demanding the unusual of all patriotic women, have emphasized the superiority of the genuine Gossards. They have become a part of the patriotic war uniform for women.

Only in a Gossard can every woman attain the ideal proportions of her type, an inimitable style and a hygienic support that safeguards her health and assures a priceless all-day comfort.

The perfect Gossard back, with its delightfully flat lines that never have been and never will be attained by those attempting imitations, perfectly supports the spine and back muscles in every position.

The perfect Gossard front eliminates all

appearance of fat or thickness and gives a hygienically correct abdominal support that means perfect comfort standing, sitting or bending.

The perfect corset, the original front-lacing corset and the only correct expression of front-lacing principles, minimizes fatigue, assures added efficiency and the economy of a wearing service that alone is worth the price you pay, whether it be \$2.00, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.50 or more.

The name *Gossard* on the inside of the corset is your guarantee of the genuine. Insist upon it. Avoid imitations.

The highly specialized service of our corset department assures you satisfaction.

Made in
the United States
and Canada

Gossard
CORSETS
They Live in Front

Worn with Health
and Comfort by Women
the World Over

The Wash-Out Co.
Manufacturers, EDMONTON



KRESOLIP

Protects Your Profits

By keeping all Live Stock Healthy.

Easy and Safe to Use Economical

Kills Lice, Mites, Sheep Scab and Ringworm. Heals Cuts, Scratches, Wounds and common skin troubles.

Prevents Hog Cholera and All Contagious Diseases

Experiments on live hogs prove that a 2 1/2% solution of Kresolip No. 1 will kill Virulent Hog Cholera Virus in 5 minutes by contact.

Write for free instructive booklets on the care of all live stock and poultry.

Kresolip No. 1 in Original Packages For Sale by

OUR STOCK of LIVE STOCK PREPARATIONS

Includes PARKEDAVIS CO'S BLACK-LEGGIDS FOR BLACKLEG IN CATTLE.

Kresolip Dip, No. 1.—For keeping animals free from Disease and Vermin.

International Stoc Food—50c and \$1.50 packages, pails, \$3.75

Poultry Tonic, 25c & 50c.

Colic Cure, 50c.

Worm Powder, 75c.

Condition Powder, 50c.

Dr. Hess' Stock Food, 65c & \$1.25 pack, pails \$3.00

Worm Powder, 50c.

Poultry Panacea, 35c & 85c

A full line of Fleming's Preparations.

All the best veterinary goods

Mail Orders receive prompt Attention.

The Rexall Store

THE GAETZ-CORNETT DRUG & BOOK CO.

CLINICAL THERMOMETERS, just received a new supply.

WITCH HAZEL CREAM will give soothing relief in the worst cases of ROUGH, INFLAMED, CHAPPED, SORE SKIN. A few applications will completely heal the tender skin.

TASTELESS COD LIVER OIL, a system tonic that cannot be beaten.

NYALS CREOPHOS is of unusual value in run-down conditions, showing a loss of flesh and a tendency to weak lungs.

ALL THE LATEST BOOKS. New copies just arrived.

Nyal Quality Store

The Standard Drug Co.

Prescription Specialists Red Deer, Alta.

Phone 49

H.G. Stone's New Phone Numbers, 172-173-174.

Owing to the New Telephone Directory for 1919 being issued sooner than we expected, and the changing of our Telephone numbers to ones that run consecutively, we wish to announce to the citizens of Red Deer and vicinity that our

NEW MOTOR EQUIPMENT for Ambulance and Funeral Work, owing to delays at the factory, will not arrive here before the end of March or the first week in April.

Our Ambulance will be one of the latest design and right up to date in finish and equipment, the service that we will be able to give to the city of Red Deer and surrounding districts will be equal to any city in Canada.

Our Funeral equipment, as in the past, will be first class in all respects, including Motor Hearse, Lead Car, Mourners and Pall Bearers Cars.

We shall retain our Horse Drawn Hearse Casket Wagon, etc., for bad weather when motor equipment cannot be used, and those who have lived in this district for any number of years know that this winter has been an exceptionally open one with very little snow, and that this is not rule, as generally our winters are such that motor cars cannot be run with any surety outside the beaten roads in the city.

Our Chapel when completed will seat from fifty to seventy-five persons. We will let the public be the judge as to its good points when the time comes to open it for funeral services.

As to our charges for funerals, that is entirely in the hands of those persons who are ordering the Funeral, but our prices will meet all conditions and all persons.

Our New Phone Numbers: Office Phone 172. Residence: 138, Gaetz Ave. South, Phone 173. C. H. Stone, residence, 186, Sixth St. N.E., Phone 174.

Phone 173 and 174 for Day or Night Calls. With this arrangement of Phones we are at your SERVICE at any time day or night.

Trusting that we will have the support of the Citizens of Red Deer and vicinity in the future as in the past.

We remain,

Yours Respectfully,

H. G. STONE.

Local and District Intelligence

Pianos tuned—J. E. Welton.

Remember the ten-cent tea and sale of home-made cooking at the Parish Hall on Saturday, Feb. 15th.

Prof. Masser for artistic piano tuning. Leave orders at Madame Le Saulnier's.

Mrs. H. F. Kenny returned from an extended visit to Calgary on Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey Wood and family of Penhold, spent the week end with Mrs. Carwell.

The W.A. of St. Luke's Church intend holding a ten-cent tea and sale of home-made cooking at the Parish Hall on Saturday, February 15th.

The meeting of the Waskasoo Guild has been postponed until Feb. 20th and will be held at Mrs. Ellenwood's.

Will the boy who left two pairs of shoes at Camillo Rovers' shoe shop on 2nd St. S.E., five weeks ago, please call for them?

The regular meeting of the I.O.O.F. will be held on Friday afternoon at 3.30 in the City Hall. All members please be present as this is the annual meeting.

The W.A. of St. Luke's Church are arranging a series of ten-cent teas to be held during Lent. They will commence with a pancake supper on Shrove Tuesday. Further particulars later.

Will all owners of autos in Red Deer who would be willing to assist the Reception Committee for returned soldiers by donating the use of their car, kindly communicate with the secretary of the reception committee, Chas. Sinclair, Armouries, Phone 326.

All Veterans of Red Deer and district are requested to report at Armouries at 10 a.m., Sunday, February 16, for the purpose of attending Church parade to the Methodist Church. As Sunday is recognized as a special day of prayer in all Churches in the Dominion.

The regular monthly meeting of the G.W.A. will be held at the Club Rooms (Armouries) on Sunday Feb. 16th, at 2.30 p.m. Will all members in arrears for dues kindly make an effort to pay as soon as possible. To all returned men who are not yet members we extend a hearty invitation to join us.

The postmaster has received the following wire regarding the mails to Siberian Forces: "Additional despatches of mails for Siberian Forces close at Vancouver, Feb. 6th, for Mexico Maru, Feb. 13th, for Kona Maru, Feb. 15th, for Arabia Maru, Kashimi Maru, postponed to 12th February but will not be dispatched if direct Canadian steamer sails same day."—G. D. Davidson, Superintendent.

Grand Dance in the Parish Hall on Easter Monday. Keep the date open.

Miss Alpha Parks is attending Mount Royal College, Calgary.

Remember the big dance in the Parish Hall on Easter Monday. Good music, refreshments.

Capt. McEachern, of the Y.M.C.A. forces was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Ramsey last week.

W. K. Wickens, A. S. Maxwell and P. C. Whitehouse have been gazetted commissioners.

J. F. Day has purchased the Judge Biggs farm south east of the city and may move there to reside.

Owing to pressure of work, J. E. Welton has resigned his position as leader of the Citizens' Band. He will retain his membership of this popular institution.

Mr. J. J. Gaetz, member for Red Deer, has taken charge of the amendments to the Red Deer City Charter and has presented the said petition to the Legislature.

All the seats for "Hearts of the World" are reserved. Tickets are on sale at the Lyric Theatre from now on.

The Soldier's Wives' Club will meet at the home of Mrs. Sinclair, at the Armouries, Thursday, Feb. 13, at 8 o'clock.

Mrs. Brough writes from 2123 8th Ave. E., Calgary that Rev. E. Brough is in hospital there, and is very ill, but is now on the mend.

A. H. Russell, barrister, Red Deer, is receiving the congratulations of his numerous friends on receiving the appointment of King's Counsel by the Provincial government.

Mrs. Thos. Edis arrived in Red Deer on Saturday week, and they have taken up their residence in the C. W. Park house on 2nd Ave. East. Their many friends will welcome their return to the city.

Just unloaded two cars of machinery, consisting of John Deere low down mowers, spreaders, pony gang tractor, plows, horse gangs and sulks, disc harrows, fanning mills and the noted Van Brunt drills. Call in and inspect them. Wm. Hammon, agent.

Dr. Collison and Sanders have sold their splendid stock farm, four miles west of the City, to G. W. Murray, of Southern Alberta, and they propose holding a big sale of their stock and implements about the end of the month.

The Women's Institute have reopened their tea rooms next to the Lower grocery. The regular Saturday teas should have commenced a month ago, but owing to the outbreak of flu, the committee in charge a time. The opening tea in charge thought it best to postpone them for Mrs. Lord and Mrs. Greig, will be held on Saturday, February 22. There will also be a sale of home cooking in connection, the proceeds of which will go towards the necessary equipment for the memorial hospital.

The Women's Institute are offering four prizes to be competed for by the girls and boys of the Red Deer district for the best bird house made by them before May 1st. The prizes are \$5 and \$2 for the two best houses made by any girl or boy of 12 years or under, and \$5, \$3, and \$2 for the three best houses made by any girl or boy between the ages of 13 and 16 inclusive. Mrs. W. A. Cassels is in charge of the competition, and as soon as the influenza ban has been lifted will arrange a meeting of boys and girls interested in order to explain the object of the competition and the style and dimensions of house most suitable to the birds of this locality.

Dr. J. B. Long, Dental Surgeon (Successor to Dr. Paxton) Graduate Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario. Holder of a Dominion Dental Certificate. Guaranteed Modern Dental Work at Reasonable Fees. Examination and Consultation Free. Office hours, 9 to 6 o'clock. Evenings by Appointment. Phone Office 115; Night 226. Office, Smith-Gaetz Bk. Red Deer.

SEED GRAIN FOR SALE.—Prelude wheat and Abundance Oats for Seed for Sale.—Apply Box 324, Red Deer, or Thos. East, Poplar Ridge, Red Deer. Feb. 12-13

HORSE LOST.—A Bay Gelding, with white hind feet, branded bar C, or lazy rollock on right thigh. \$5 reward will be given for information leading to recovery.—D. H. Trimble, P.O. box 332, Red Deer. Feb. 12-13

WANTED.—Frame house suitable for removal. Bungalow style preferred. Reply Box 42, Red Deer P.O. Feb. 3, 1919

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PROTECT YOUR EYES FROM THE BRIGHT GLARE WITH A PAIR OF OUR SNOW GLASSES

H. H. HUMBER, Jeweler and Optometrist. Business Phone 104 RED DEER After Hours 82

Miss Rosie Krause has resumed her teaching at Fleet, near Castor.

The annual meeting of the Local Council of Women will be held on Tuesday, Feb. 18, at 3 o'clock in the City Hall.

A. H. Trimble is attending the Ayrshire Breeder's Association meeting in Ontario.

H. F. Kenny returned Thursday from a visit to his mother at Swan River, Man.

J. M. Campbell's rink, composed of N. White, J. Fulton, R. B. Welliver, and J. M. Campbell, had played 13 games up to Saturday night, and had won 11 of them by hard playing. Roy Stone's rink won a number of games but was out of the running Saturday.

Pte. Ted Plumb, who joined up with the 157th Battalion, and took an active part in smashing the enemies of our country, returned from overseas Saturday last, accompanied by his wife, he having married in the Old Country. He will probably reside on his farm north of Red Deer.

Having been favored with instructions, I will sell by public auction, at N. White's office, Ross Street, 2nd Deer, in the Province of Alberta, on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15th, 1919 at 1 o'clock sharp

The North-East Quarter of Section 22 in Township 10, Range 6, West of the Fifth Meridian, in the Province of Alberta, containing One Acre and Sixty Acres (162) more or less, about 9 miles N.E. of Rocky Mountain House, 1 mile east of Hingley P.O., 1 1/2 miles from School.

The property will be offered for sale subject to a very low reserve bid and free from all encumbrances. Terms will be made known at the time of sale.

The Vendor is informed that the improvements on the property are as follows: One and a half story frame house, log barn, chicken house, good spring, open summer and winter; the soil is good; 30 acres have been broken, and about 90 acres could be broken without much clearing.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the Auctioneer.

N. WHITE, AUCTIONEER, RED DEER.

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BREAST STRAPS,

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DAY HARDWARE CO.

Opportunity Knocks!

WILL YOU ANSWER?

Opportunity knocks at your door on rare occasions, and when it receives no answer it does not return again for some time.

Our sale is in progress, and will continue until

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15th, 1919

Just received a shipment of NEW BANKRUPT STOCK, consisting of

Men's Wool Mackinaw Coats, on Sale at \$10 & \$13

Penman's Underwear for Men \$1.50 per garment

Blue Flannel Top Shirts \$2.50 each

Men's Heavy Socks35c per pair

Men's Woollen Pants\$3.75 per pair

Peabody's Corduroy Pants\$5.75 per pair

Boy's and Gent's Boots\$2.75 to \$6.50

Heavy Winter Caps \$1.10 each

Also Wool Mitts, Pull-Over, Sweaters, Moccasins, and Sheepskin Moccasins.

We have decided to quit the Second-hand and Junk business after FEBRUARY 15th, 1919, and devote our whole time to the handling of NEW BANKRUPT STOCK and REAL ESTATE.

All Second-hand Clothing, Boots, Furniture, etc., must be sold out regardless of Cost. A lot of this Clothing can be made over for children, and is of real good quality. COME IN AND SEE IT.

WANTED.—Listings of Farm Lands, City property, for sale or Exchange, also Horses, Autos, Machinery etc. Please give us your very best price and terms on all listings. Our commission is 5% on the first thousand dollars and 3% on balance. NO SALE NO COMMISSION.

Red Deer Trading Co.

DEALERS IN FARM LANDS, CITY PROPERTY, AUTOS AND BANKRUPT STOCK.

Office and Warehouse, 12 and 14 Ross Street West, RED DEER, ALBERTA.

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